

The Times-Democrat.

VOL. XII, NO. 151.

LIMA, OHIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1896.

PRICE THREE CENTS

HAD TAKEN IN HIS SIGN

South Carolina Man Picked Up by Revenue Officers.

THE JUDGE WAS VERY KIND

After Sentence the Prisoner Was Allowed to Go Home and Gather His Crops and Then Had Difficulty Getting Into Jail.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—A peculiar case, where the president was obliged to come to the relief of a man who had been sentenced to go to jail to serve his term, came to light in the presentation of pardon cases. J. Reuben Phillips was the man, and for working in a distillery without any sign he was arrested by revenue agents and sentenced by the court in South Carolina to three months in jail. That was at the September term of court last year, and to permit the man to harvest his little crops the judge, in his sentence, provided that the term of imprisonment should not begin until Jan. 1 of this year. The rest of the story is told in the president's endorsement upon the case, which is as follows:

"Granted. This prisoner was sentenced to three months' imprisonment to begin Jan. 1, 1896. On that day he reported at the jail for the purpose of entering upon his term and was refused admission because his commitment papers had not arrived. For this reason he did not begin his term until Feb. 19, 1896. If he had been admitted on the day his sentence required his term would have expired before the present time. In view of this fact and the pitiable condition of his family, and upon the recommendation of the judge and district attorney, this pardon is granted."

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Senator Turpie's speech on Cuba was the event of the day in the senate, and in many respects it was the most picturesque and vehement utterance heard on that subject. The senator has an inexhaustible vocabulary and a bitter-ironical style. While arguing for radical action on Cuba, even to the extent of sending a fleet to Cuban waters, much of Mr. Turpie's speech was given to sarcasm and ridicule of the course of Mr. Sherman and Mr. Lodge in managing the Cuban resolutions. The senator created much amusement by his portrayal of Senator Lodge as a warrior about to fight a duel with Minister Dupuy de Lôme of Spain. Most of the day was given to the Indian appropriation bill, which was not completed. Unanimous consent was secured for taking up the resolution for a Senate inquiry into recent bond issues next Tuesday.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The bill to adopt the metric system of weights and measures was not back to the committee on coin, weights and measures for further consideration. On the first vote it had a majority of two, but the opposition was aggressive, and after a series of votes it was recommitted to the committee. The remainder of the day was devoted to debate on the bill to exempt sailing vessels engaged in the coastwise trade from compulsory pilotage laws, with the understanding that a vote should be taken at 2 o'clock. The bill was championed by Mr. Payne (Dem., N. Y.), Mr. Simmons (Rep., Mass.) and opposed by Mr. Cummings (R., N. Y.). Mr. Cummings, in the course of his remarks, charged that Mr. Chamberlain, commissioner of navigation, had been lobbying in favor of the bill. The conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill was adopted.

SPANISH CHIEFS

Must Give Vent to Their Indignation or Bust.

MADRID, April 9.—The chiefs of the various sections of the Republican party have planned to hold a meeting here in order to make arrangements for a big demonstration to protest against the Cuban vote of the United States congress, which the Republicans considered to be contrary to international law. It is believed, however, that the government will forbid the holding of a public meeting, in which case the Republicans will assemble in private.

Execution Against Judge Burke.

MILWAUKEE, April 9.—An execution for \$134,892.50 against James Corrigan and Judge Stevenson Burke of Cleveland was filed by Albert T. Giffass as assignee of the Commercial bank. The amount of the execution is the amount of the judgment against the members of the firm of Corrigan, Ives & Company, which was taken in the circuit court a few months ago.

A French Duel.

PARIS, April 9.—The Soir states that a duel has occurred between the Duc Patric de MacMahon, who is affianced to Princess Marguerite of Orleans, a cousin of the Duc de Orleans, and Comte Guy de Rochefort. The mother of the latter gentleman was Miss Montgomery, a native of New Orleans. Neither of the duelists was seriously hurt.

The Indiana Not Floated.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The battleship Indiana is still in the drydock at Port Royal, though it was expected that she would come out Tuesday. All necessary arrangements were made to that end but there was not enough water over the sill of the dock to permit the big ship to float out.

Special Meeting Called.

CHICAGO, April 9.—A call was issued for a special meeting of the eastern committee lines of the Western Passenger association to be held on Friday of this week. The meeting will take up the question of parity rates in particular, although a number of other matters are on the docket.

Bolin Says He's Not Guilty.

OMAHA, April 9.—City Treasurer Bolin pleaded not guilty in the district court of embezzling \$30,000 from the

city of Omaha. The trial will probably continue several weeks and some sensational developments indicating the disposition of the missing funds are anticipated.

The Weather.

For West Virginia.—Cloudy weather, with light southerly wind. For Ohio.—A misty, slightly warmer, fresh southerly wind. For Indiana.—Light to heavy southerly wind, shifting to westerly in afternoon.

KILLED WITH AN AX.

Lamborn's Children Assisted in His Horrible Murder.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 9.—Young Charles Lamborn and Annie Lamborn, his sister, who are in jail here charged with complicity in the murder of their father, have confessed to having actively assisted Thomas Davenport, the lover of the girl and the friend of the brother, in the commission of the crime. Old man Lamborn was murdered at his ranch in Paul Leaf township, this county, on the night of Feb. 10.

According to the confession, Lamborn and his sister left home to attend a dance. Near their home they met Davenport, and it was agreed that the aged father, who had forbidden Davenport to visit his daughter and who, though wealthy, was commonly accused of making his two children slaves to the drugery of a far life, should be killed. Davenport then went direct to the house, crept in through a rear door and with one blow of an ax dispatched the old man as he sat in his chair by his bedside. The two men then burned the dead man's will, by which he had disposed of an estate valued at over \$50,000.

After this they joined the girl and the three proceeded to the dance, where they seemed to enjoy themselves with the others. After the dance they all returned to the house and slept there. In the morning they spread the news of Lamborn's murder.

MATTER OF SPECULATION.

Not Believed the Italians Have Completely Evacuated Cassala.

ROME, April 9.—The official dispatches which have been received here from the seat of war in Abyssinia leave it doubtful whether General Baldissera's order to Colonel Stevani to retire from Cassala with his column upon Agordat, half way between Cassala and Massowah, implies the complete evacuation of Cassala by the Italians.

It is surmised, however, that Cassala may continue to be held by a garrison commanded by Major Hidalgo, which is considered strong enough to hold the place against offensive movements, though not strong enough to take the offensive against the dervishes.

The Italian states that the Italian government has declined the offer of an English syndicate of a loan of £25,000,000.

Mainly for the Ohio Man.

AMHERST, Mass., April 9.—The Republicans of the First Massachusetts district selected delegates to St. Louis. No resolutions were adopted, but the speech of James Hill plainly sounded the keynote for sound money, protection, and McKinley for president. The Lynch faction convention will be held at Topsham, May 12.

Suspects Butchered.

HAVANA, April 9.—The Spaniards assassinated a Cuban prisoner yesterday and another today. Neither had been identified with the insurrection, but they were suspected. It is said the crowded condition of the persons makes murders necessary and that one or more suspects will be hatched at each prison every day.

An Adulterer Pardoned.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The president has pardoned Jose Aluendarez, sentenced in New Mexico to two years imprisonment for adultery, and David L. Drayer, sentenced in Arkansas in 1891 to three years' imprisonment for illicit distill.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations for April 8, New York.

Wheat—Family, \$10.00; extra, \$7.50; No. 1, \$7.00; No. 2, \$6.50; No. 3, \$6.00; No. 4, \$5.50; No. 5, \$5.00; No. 6, \$4.50; No. 7, \$4.00; No. 8, \$3.50; No. 9, \$3.00; No. 10, \$2.50; No. 11, \$2.00; No. 12, \$1.50; No. 13, \$1.00; No. 14, \$0.50; No. 15, \$0.00.

Chicago.

Cattle—Fair to good, \$3.50; fair to good, \$3.00; fair to good, \$2.50; fair to good, \$2.00; fair to good, \$1.50; fair to good, \$1.00; fair to good, \$0.50; fair to good, \$0.00.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, \$4.50; fair to good, \$4.00; fair to good, \$3.50; fair to good, \$3.00; fair to good, \$2.50; fair to good, \$2.00; fair to good, \$1.50; fair to good, \$1.00; fair to good, \$0.50; fair to good, \$0.00.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Market, \$3.50; fair to good, \$3.00; fair to good, \$2.50; fair to good, \$2.00; fair to good, \$1.50; fair to good, \$1.00; fair to good, \$0.50; fair to good, \$0.00.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2, \$2.50; No. 3, \$2.00; No. 4, \$1.50; No. 5, \$1.00; No. 6, \$0.50; No. 7, \$0.00.

Tulsa.

Wheat—No. 2, \$2.50; No. 3, \$2.00; No. 4, \$1.50; No. 5, \$1.00; No. 6, \$0.50; No. 7, \$0.00.

NO DEFENSE FOR SPAIN

French Resident of Cuba Gives Some Facts.

THE WAR MOST FEROCIOUS.

Weyler Allows Troops to Shoot and Bayonet Villagers Who Are Suspected of Harboring Insurgents—Americans Killed.

LONDON, April 9.—A morning paper in an editorial assumes that President Cleveland will do nothing on the Cuban resolution and that it is merely election tactics.

"A very serious condition of things exists in Cuba," it says, "but it is not one that is likely to be improved by the gratuitous interference of American journalism."

A Paris dispatch says: "A French resident of Cuba draws a lamentable picture of the ferocious character the war has assumed under Weyler. He believes, however, that the rebels will eventually shake off the Spanish rule. He states that Weyler allows the troops to shoot and bayonet villagers suspected of harboring insurgents."

"A few days ago a band of volunteers, infuriated by the resolutions of the American senate, shot six sons of an American farmer at Casiguas. The United States consul general is inquiring into the matter."

FIGHTING THE SPANIARDS.

Two Boys From the Blue Grass Region Join the Insurgents.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 9.—Some months ago it was reported that Dalton and Henry Arnold, sons of Rev. T. N. Arnold of this city, had been drowned in Biscayne bay, Fla. Mr. Arnold's son-in-law, H. T. Groom, never believed they were drowned, and has made many efforts to locate the two young men in Cuba.

Mr. Arnold has received word from Groom, in New York, saying that he just received a telegram from the Cuban correspondent of the New York World stating that he had seen the Arnold boys in the Cuban army, and they were still alive and well.

Musicians' League.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The question of "universal membership" was a bone of contention at the session of the National League of Musicians. The issue was as to the constitutionality of the act of the league making provision for a uniform initiation fee of \$5 in all local societies in the United States for members of one local body joining another local organization in any other city within the country. No conclusion was reached.

Student Drowned.

MADISON, Wis., April 9.—The remains of John Day, the member of the University of Wisconsin crew who was drowned by the swamping of a shell on Lake Mendota, has been taken to the home of his parents in Waukesha for burial. A large delegation of students marched after the hearse which bore Day's body to the train.

SEVENTY-SECOND ASSEMBLY.

In the Senate.

CHICAGO, O., April 9.—Bills were introduced in the senate as follows:

Mr. Deussen, providing a tax of \$2 on each dog in Cincinnati, to be paid to the Ohio Humane society, which organization is authorized to enforce the law.

Mr. Schuyler, authorizing the appointment by the common pleas judge of a court stenographer in Muskingum county at a salary of \$1,000 a year.

Mr. Dunn, providing that boards of equalization in cities of the third and fourth grades of the second class must close their sessions before the fourth Monday in July, and that members of such boards in cities of the population of 20,000 or over shall receive \$5 instead of \$3 per day.

Mr. Rogers, for the transfer of funds by the commissioners of Perry county. Passed.

Mr. Clark, providing for the adoption of civil service regulations in Cleveland.

Mr. Lanning, allowing the council of Oak Harbor, Ottawa county, to increase the levy for street improvements.

Mr. Schuyler, providing that officers and members of the Ohio National Guard, in cases where loss of life results from riot or other cause, shall be tried by court martial instead of by civil process.

House bill by Mr. Hard, providing that judges of elections shall assist only voters physically disqualified in the marking of their ballots.

In the House.

CONSUMERS O., April 8.—Bills were introduced in the house as follows:

Mr. Hess, providing for the election of road supervisors under the Australian ballot system.

Mr. Means, requiring officers who receive commissions from the governor to pay fees ranging from \$2 to \$5.

Mr. Leland, appropriating \$100,000 to pay deficiencies existing prior to Feb. 15, 1896.

Mr. McBride (substitute), amending the libel law so that a newspaper can make a defense.

Senate bill by Mr. Croxley, amending the one mile pike law so as to equalize the assessment.

Senate bill by Mr. Herron, providing that wills may be typewritten.

Senate bill by Mr. Clark, providing that in criminal cases the state can carry an appeal on error to the supreme court.

Senate bill by Mr. Byssell, appropriating

to pay the expenses of Charles A. McLeod and his attorneys.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Vogt, amending the boundary between the counties of Adams and Lincoln.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Senate bill by Mr. Sparks, providing that every child shall be covered with dust-proof clothes.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FREE SILVER FAVORED.

A NEW WOMAN

Illinois Prohibitionists In State Convention.

SILVER PLANK CONTESTED.

Attempt to Indorse the People's Party Platform Was Voted Down by a Large Majority—State Ticket to Be Nominated.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 9.—The Prohibitionists of Illinois, in state convention, adopted a platform declaring for the prohibition of the liquor traffic; giving the right to vote to women and men; extension of the civil service system to all grades of the public service; free schools to children; observance of the Sabbath day; a tariff commission representing all political parties; election of United States senators by direct vote of the people and free coinage of silver.

A warm fight was had on the financial plank, the free silverites winning by a vote of 212 to 169. The attempt to indorse the People's party platform was abortive and was voted down by a large majority.

Dr. Evans of Hedding college was selected to take charge of the campaign fund, and \$2,000 was subscribed by the delegates present as a starter. A state ticket will be nominated today.

Corbett Not Prosecuted.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—James J. Corbett and his sparring partner, Michael Conley, were arraigned for giving a sparring exhibition contrary to the city ordinance. Both pleaded not guilty and Judge Murphy ordered a jury trial. Before the case went to trial, however, Prosecuting Attorney Mulvihill had it nolle prossed, telling Judge Murphy that he felt certain it would be impossible to secure a conviction.

Electric Power Works Explode.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 9.—It is reported that the Pioneer electric power works, four miles from Ogden, have blown up and killed half a dozen men.

OUR LINE OF

MACKINTOSHES

AND

Box

Coats

IN BLACK, BLUE

AND LIGHTS,

Standard Makes

Is complete. Prices

from

\$4.00 to

\$15.00.

THE MOST RELIABLE MADE

AND SIZES FROM THE SMALLEST TO

SIZE 50.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

BICYCLE SUITS!

PANTS, SWEATERS, CAPS, HOSE

AND BELTS. PRICES ARE RIGHT.

LOEWENSTEIN BROS.,

Clothiers and Furnishers.

28 and 30 Union Block.

Public Square.

IT IS A WOMAN'S WAR

SALVATION ARMY'S FATE MAY BE DECIDED BY THEM.

Wives of Two Leaders in the Van—Mrs. Ballington Booth to Confront Mrs. Booth-Tucker For Supremacy—Whereas Each One Is Strong An Interesting Contest.

The contest of world-wide interest in the Salvation Army has taken a new phase, and it is now a struggle of women against women. Mrs. Booth-Tucker and Mrs. Ballington Booth are at last within reach of each other and are ready to join in battle. All Salvationists and Salvationist sympathizers must take sides—must range themselves under one banner or the other. It will be a frank, open fight to the end.

There are two men who are more standard bearers in this fight. The women are, of course, the champions and the leaders. On the outside is Booth-Tucker, who was so unimportant that, when the general found that husband or wife must stay behind her instantly and without hesitation or Mrs. BOOTH-TUCKER.

dered back the husband and commanded the wife to go forward to the field of battle.

On the other side the standard bearer and herald is Ballington Booth. He is an agreeable, good hearted man, a splendid fighter under orders, but of no particular executive ability. So you see it is a woman born a Booth and fierce for the supremacy of the Booth family in the great salvation scheme organized by the old general against a woman not a Booth by birth, who is more concerned for the cause than for the Booth family, of which she is a member by marriage only.

It is an interesting situation—an English woman against an American woman, for Mrs. Ballington Booth has become an American woman in every proper sense of the word.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker lost no time in raising a flag of truce and sounding a parley. She did it as soon as she arrived. "My brother says he will not give in one hair's breadth," she remarked. "But I think he will. I shall go to see him." So she brings a treaty of peace for him to sign.

But it is pretty safe to say that nothing will come of the parley. Neither side believes that the war can be averted. Both are sleeping on their arms, and the two women champions will meet for parley with all their armor on, even if the visors are thrown up.

Now, let us see just how well matched these women champions are and try to discern what the chances of success are for each one.

First, take Mrs. Booth-Tucker. She is the general's second daughter. Of all the Booth children she is the ablest. They are all enthusiasts. Indeed, how could it be otherwise with such a father and such a mother and an environment of hallojahs and amens ever since they were born? All are able to transform this enthusiasm into work. All have the instinct and the power of leadership pretty fully developed.

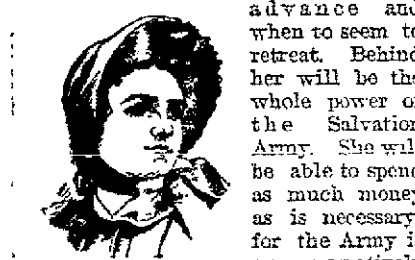
But Mrs. Booth-Tucker gets more work for a given amount of enthusiasm than any of the others. The enthusiasm that makes her sister Eva hysterical on the platform and makes her brother Ballington rather absurd at times is well under control with her. As a platform speaker she has the fire and energy of the Marchioness. But she also has the executive ability of her brother Bramwell, who comes near to being the equal of his father in respect to that quality.

So she was the best possible person the old general could have sent to minimize the revolt and restore the power of the American branch of his Salvation Army. She will be efficient both in the office and on the platform. She has had experience in fields other than English, and will therefore not be under the disadvantage that handicapped her sister Eva so hopelessly.

She will know when to use diplomacy and when to attack with fury, when to advance and when to seem to retreat. Behind her will be the whole power of the Salvation Army. She will be able to spend as much money as is necessary, for the Army is comp aratively

rich, and all its property is in the name of the Booth family, and therefore available for this first serious revolt; also she will have the advantage of the organization, and a very great advantage that is. It means well drilled corps that have been under fire in the streets of American cities and towns. It means the possession of meeting places which the classes the Army seeks to reach are in the habit of visiting. It means the name "Salvation Army" and the battle cry "Blood and Fire" and the familiar uniform that is identified in the public mind with a heroic struggle for recognition.

Against all these things Mrs. Ballington Booth will have to fight. But she is not unarmed. In the first place, she has great executive ability. She is not so able in this way as the rival woman, but she is by no means devoid of the powers of leadership and discipline. Then she knows the American field. She understands all classes of Americans. She has that rare quality of perfect sympathy. She is a well educated woman in the sense that she can think and write clear, good English. She has no class prejudices and is just as much at home in the parlors of a house in



MRS. BALLINGTON BOOTH, and all its property is in the name of the Booth family, and therefore available for this first serious revolt; also she will have the advantage of the organization, and a very great advantage that is. It means well drilled corps that have been under fire in the streets of American cities and towns. It means the possession of meeting places which the classes the Army seeks to reach are in the habit of visiting. It means the name "Salvation Army" and the battle cry "Blood and Fire" and the familiar uniform that is identified in the public mind with a heroic struggle for recognition.

Against all these things Mrs. Ballington Booth will have to fight. But she is not unarmed. In the first place, she has great executive ability. She is not so able in this way as the rival woman, but she is by no means devoid of the powers of leadership and discipline. Then she knows the American field. She understands all classes of Americans. She has that rare quality of perfect sympathy. She is a well educated woman in the sense that she can think and write clear, good English. She has no class prejudices and is just as much at home in the parlors of a house in

It is a woman's war. The contest of world-wide interest in the Salvation Army has taken a new phase, and it is now a struggle of women against women. Mrs. Booth-Tucker and Mrs. Ballington Booth are at last within reach of each other and are ready to join in battle. All Salvationists and Salvationist sympathizers must take sides—must range themselves under one banner or the other. It will be a frank, open fight to the end.

There are two men who are more standard bearers in this fight. The women are, of course, the champions and the leaders. On the outside is Booth-Tucker, who was so unimportant that, when the general found that husband or wife must stay behind her instantly and without hesitation or Mrs. BOOTH-TUCKER.

dered back the husband and commanded the wife to go forward to the field of battle.

On the other side the standard bearer and herald is Ballington Booth. He is an agreeable, good hearted man, a splendid fighter under orders, but of no particular executive ability. So you see it is a woman born a Booth and fierce for the supremacy of the Booth family in the great salvation scheme organized by the old general against a woman not a Booth by birth, who is more concerned for the cause than for the Booth family, of which she is a member by marriage only.

It is an interesting situation—an English woman against an American woman, for Mrs. Ballington Booth has become an American woman in every proper sense of the word.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker lost no time in raising a flag of truce and sounding a parley. She did it as soon as she arrived. "My brother says he will not give in one hair's breadth," she remarked. "But I think he will. I shall go to see him." So she brings a treaty of peace for him to sign.

But it is pretty safe to say that nothing will come of the parley. Neither side believes that the war can be averted. Both are sleeping on their arms, and the two women champions will meet for parley with all their armor on, even if the visors are thrown up.

Now, let us see just how well matched these women champions are and try to discern what the chances of success are for each one.

First, take Mrs. Booth-Tucker. She is the general's second daughter. Of all the Booth children she is the ablest. They are all enthusiasts. Indeed, how could it be otherwise with such a father and such a mother and an environment of hallojahs and amens ever since they were born? All are able to transform this enthusiasm into work. All have the instinct and the power of leadership pretty fully developed.

But Mrs. Booth-Tucker gets more work for a given amount of enthusiasm than any of the others. The enthusiasm that makes her sister Eva hysterical on the platform and makes her brother Ballington rather absurd at times is well under control with her. As a platform speaker she has the fire and energy of the Marchioness. But she also has the executive ability of her brother Bramwell, who comes near to being the equal of his father in respect to that quality.

So she was the best possible person the old general could have sent to minimize the revolt and restore the power of the American branch of his Salvation Army. She will be efficient both in the office and on the platform. She has had experience in fields other than English, and will therefore not be under the disadvantage that handicapped her sister Eva so hopelessly.

She will know when to use diplomacy and when to attack with fury, when to advance and when to seem to retreat. Behind her will be the whole power of the Salvation Army. She will be able to spend as much money as is necessary, for the Army is comp aratively

rich, and all its property is in the name of the Booth family, and therefore available for this first serious revolt; also she will have the advantage of the organization, and a very great advantage that is. It means well drilled corps that have been under fire in the streets of American cities and towns. It means the possession of meeting places which the classes the Army seeks to reach are in the habit of visiting. It means the name "Salvation Army" and the battle cry "Blood and Fire" and the familiar uniform that is identified in the public mind with a heroic struggle for recognition.

Against all these things Mrs. Ballington Booth will have to fight. But she is not unarmed. In the first place, she has great executive ability. She is not so able in this way as the rival woman, but she is by no means devoid of the powers of leadership and discipline. Then she knows the American field. She understands all classes of Americans. She has that rare quality of perfect sympathy. She is a well educated woman in the sense that she can think and write clear, good English. She has no class prejudices and is just as much at home in the parlors of a house in

MRS. BALLINGTON BOOTH, and all its property is in the name of the Booth family, and therefore available for this first serious revolt; also she will have the advantage of the organization, and a very great advantage that is. It means well drilled corps that have been under fire in the streets of American cities and towns. It means the possession of meeting places which the classes the Army seeks to reach are in the habit of visiting. It means the name "Salvation Army" and the battle cry "Blood and Fire" and the familiar uniform that is identified in the public mind with a heroic struggle for recognition.

Much in Little

Especially true of Hood's Pills for constipation and general weakness.

Hood's Pills

chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ailments, headache, jaundice, constipation, etc., etc. The only pills to take with Hood's Pills.

An Agreeable Waiter.

They have been telling me about a famous head waiter in a great restaurant in this town, and I suppose all the men know of him, who has grown rich leading money.

I never could get rich that way, I am sure.

This particular philanthropist is called Philip, possibly because that's his name, and a hard pressed individual whom he knows, or knows about, need never be short of funds.

Sometimes a man will forget to go to the bank or won't have his checkbook with him, while he has immediate use for some money, and that is an awkward state of affairs. So he hies him away to Philip.

"Philip, can you let me have a hundred until tomorrow? You know me, Mr. — of — street."

"Out, monsieur, with pleasure."

So that chasm is bridged.

But when the hundred is paid next day Philip expects to find it a hundred and ten, and if he doesn't he does not look kindly upon the borrower or have the funds upon the second application. At least that is what I hear.

Of course no money is loaned to any one of doubtful credit, so I can easily see how Philip's comfortable fortune can have been acquired.—New York Recorder.

Women Four Hundred Years Ago.

The home life of the upper classes in the fifteenth century was the achievement and possession of the women. They made it and they enjoyed it, and although the man was the lord, the master, the cause of the institution, it was not he who animated it or who stamped upon it the impress of his spirit. His life was passed in camps and courts. A succession of foreign and civil wars in both France and England kept the knights in the saddle during the greater part of the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries, and the ladies, left with the children and the servants in the manor houses and chateaux, directed the domestic life of the time.

The Lady Joan Berkeley in the whole 42 years of her married life never made a journey of more than ten miles except in going from one of her manor houses to the other. "She did not humor herself with the vain delights of London," or at least if she did it must have been surreptitiously, for there is no record of it in the account books of the family. One hopes, though, that the conscientious matron slipped away for at least one visit to the wicked capital, or from behind her veil witnessed with beating heart one gay tournament. There is such a thing as being too good.—Emily B. Stone in Lippincott's.

A Competent Witness.

A little girl was in the witness box, and, as usual, before she was allowed to be sworn, she was examined by the presiding judge, Mr. Judge Maule, as to her understanding of the nature of an oath and her belief in a future state.

"Do you know what an oath is, my child?" asked the judge.

"Yes, sir; I am obliged to tell the truth."

"If you always tell the truth, where will you go when you die?"

"Up to heaven, sir."

"And what will become of you if you tell lies?"

"I shall go to the naughty place, sir."

"Are you quite sure of that?"

"Yes, sir; quite sure."

"Let her be sworn," said Maule. "It is quite clear she knows a great deal more than I do."—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Crooked Railroad.

An engineer who formerly ran on the Decatur division, known among the railroad boys as the "pea vine" on account of its many curves, tells of a remarkable occurrence that happened near Brainard, where the railroad is said to be as crooked as anything to be found in the state. A freight train was being followed closely by the passenger, both being off time on account of a washout. A headlight was placed on the rear of the caboose as a warning to the passenger train which followed. Suddenly the train came to a halt. The engine was reversed, and the engineer and fireman were seen to jump. The train was on a part of the road that was so crooked that the engine had turned around, and seeing the headlight on the rear end of the caboose they thought they were going to have a head end collision.—Mass City Globe-Gazette.

Two Kinds.

Papa (busy with his accounts)—I wish you wouldn't read aloud, Rachel. You disturb me.

Miss Rachel—This is the morning paper, papa. I'm reading "Notes on Society."

Papa—So am I, child, and I've got some here that are awfully hard to collect.—Chicago Tribune.

From a Findlay Mother.

"Having used Dr. Hand's Colic Cure for my baby, I can fully recommend it. I have used a great many medicines for baby colic, and none have done so much good. I will hereafter use no other remedy for colicky babies."—Mrs. L. Tanner, Findlay, Ohio.—Dr. Hand's Colic Cure, Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and all of Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children sold by all druggists for 25c.

CURED BY PRAYER.

Pastor of a Friends Church Made Well of a Mortal Disease.

Mrs. Hannah Pratt Jessup, pastor of the Friends' church in Danville, Ind., has been cured of a fatal disease by prayer. For some time her health has been declining, and the best medical skill could give no relief from her affliction, which was Bright's disease. There have been times in the last month when it was thought that her death was but a matter of a few hours. As a last resort she and her husband decided to visit Dr. Downe of Chicago, who has been doing good by prayer.

They went to him and spent a week in his house. But Mrs. Jessup felt no relief. They decided to return home, and the last night of their stay in Chicago they visited the Pacific Garden mission, the largest in the city.

Mrs. Jessup led the service, and many came to the altar and confessed their sins. Her thought then turned to herself. The next day she was to return home to die. She decided to ask for the prayers of those present. In a few words she told her story, why she was in the city and of her hopeless return home on the morrow. She asked for prayers. Immediately several commenced to pray most fervently for her. She herself knelt at the altar and prayed.

When she arose, she felt herself a changed woman. She was well. She returned home and has not had a pain nor a symptom of the disease. Her neighbors have all noticed the remarkable improvement in her appearance and testify to her serious condition only a few days ago. With them the change is nothing short of a miracle, and the entire city has become aroused over the matter. Mrs. Jessup is one of the leading pastors of the city and is held in loving esteem by all, whether members of her church or not. She is known over the state as a preacher of unusual power.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

HERE'S ANOTHER.

Now It's a Count Who Says He Has Colored Perpetual Motion.

Count Otto von Holtzschner of Ottumwa, Ia., claims to have discovered the principle of perpetual motion. His machine is in the shape of an inverted bicycle, the wheels standing high in the air. The front wheel is the one to which the principle is applied. The principle is contained in a 12 by 12 by 15 inch pine goods box. A narrow opening inside of the box admits the inflated tire of the wheel, and the mechanism inside drives the wheel. The little box is kept locked, but the bicycle wheel driven by the wonderful mechanism inside revolves from one hour's end to the other at the rate of nearly 100 revolutions a minute.

Von Holtzschner, when asked if a view of the mechanism would be granted, said: "Not yet. The principle is so simple that if any person with an idea of machinery were to see it the idea would be perfectly plain. I can tell you, however, that the attraction of the gravitation does it all. I have a weight in that box which in its endeavor to reach the earth causes a very small number of wheels to revolve. These in turn move the bicycle wheel. By increasing the weight the mechanism will be given power and velocity, and with it everything is possible."

Von Holtzschner is about 50 years old and was born in Jersey, Turkey. He traces his ancestry to 103 B. C. The family name was bestowed because of victories won in the war with the Saracens. He came to the United States in 1867.

For the Whist Championship.

At a meeting of the American Whist league held a few days ago it was decided to hold the annual tournament at the Oriental hotel, Manhattan Beach, N. Y., June 22 to 27 inclusive. The league is made up of several state associations and its membership includes nearly 400 clubs. Each club is allowed to enter a team of four men, and the winners will receive a silver trophy valued at \$500, the same to be emblematic of the whist championship of this country.

Million Acres Open to Settlers.

The president has issued a proclamation opening the Red Lake Indian reservation in Minnesota to settlement. The date selected is May 1. The White Earth reservation will be opened by a proclamation to be issued later, though it was originally planned to issue the proclamation simultaneously. The two comprise about 1,000,000 acres and form a portion of the old Chippewa lands.

Lime Star Optimum.

Well, the sun is out again, and the peach blossoms are yet able to blush a little when he kisses them. So, until it is definitely known that the cold weather has played the mischief with the fruit crop, we will risk a faint but hopeful "Grand old Times."—Galveston News.

Some of My Country Kin.

(Here are some of my country kin. Come to visit me! Walk right in! I know you have journeyed many a mile. Take off your bonnets and rest awhile.)

(What funny old fashioned bonnets they are! But I wouldn't do them so for a star.) How lovely you look, and how sweet you smell! What have you come to ask or to tell?

Indeed! That's news! (I must make a note of all they say for some poet to quote.) "The young Lord April and Lady May! Met in the woods and kissed and said."

"A young lord bird he and the lass and made a song just like this, so it is said, And listening to that tidings bird The sap in the oldest trees was stirred."

"The maid laughs into green leaves shipped, The longing bird into flowers' trump. But little birds smile as if they were glad; The little birds can as if they were mad."

"There was green on the earth and blue in the sky, The cherry blossoms changed to a butterfly, And our loves, the honey bees, all a hum, To hunt for our hearts began to come."

"All the woods are a thrill with life and love, From the ground old oak to the young dove, And all because of that little bird, Who set to music the kiss he heard."

—Outing For April.

I. M. PRUITT, MANHATTAN, N.Y., writes: January 31, 1896. "It is with a grateful heart that I recommend Dr. Kay's Renovator, especially for those who are ready for worn out business men. I have had a third of a century's experience over a year, and I concluded to wear it out, but I am now better than ever. I am confident that your Dr. Kay's Renovator will remove that languid feeling, usually called spring fever, and shall treasure it as a boon that I can never lose, and recommend it to all afflicted with that malady." The many testimonials, out a failure, attest the fact that

Dr. Kay's Renovator

is a positive cure for the worst cases of headache, dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases, and all nervous and blood diseases, biliousness, indigestion, etc. AT THIS TIME OF YEAR it is invaluable, as it renovates the blood, creates the whole system, and purifies and enriches the blood, giving new life and vigor to the whole body. The only blood tonic known. Very pleasant to take. IT HAS TWO TO FOUR TIMES AS MANY DROPS AS LIQUID MEDICINE. SELLING FOR SAME PRICE. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of the price. All orders must be accompanied by a check or money order, or cash. They could not get another; sent free from our western office, Dr. J. H. Kay, 1000 N. Co., 25 South 10th street, Omaha, Neb.

THE HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, O.

THE OLD MAN.

Its Significance as Applied to the Head of the Business House.

Were I the head of a large concern or the responsible executive officer of a great corporation, whether my age were 27 or 72, I should want all my employees or subordinates to call me "The Old Man." Not, of course, to my face or when they were addressing me, but among themselves or when they spoke of me to their friends.

"His Majesty," "His Royal Highness," "His Excellency" and the like all indicate that the persons to whom they are applied possess power, but in this commercially democratic age and country the one appellation of undisputed authority is "The Old Man."

Applied to the head of a concern it frequently indicates love, generally respect and always complete submission to authority. It is as free from any suggestion of age as is "reverend." It is never given when there is a question of authority or a smoldering rebellion against it.

When "The Old Man" says a thing, that settles it; there are no questions to be asked; there is no comment to be made. When "The Old Man" does something, or fails to do something, there is no criticism to be indulged in.

"The Old Man" is the one person about the establishment who is absolutely his own master, whose coming in and going out are unhampered, whose encouraging word carries real weight, and whose reprimand indicates real danger, to whom "sir" is a right and not a courtesy.

Long live "The Old Man." And when, through his half closed private office door, he hears the boys' term him thus kindly, let him congratulate himself that loyalty is in his service and that he has attained the acme of dignity.—Truth.

Why?

"I notice," said Morcomb, "they call it the X ray, but Y they do it I can't Z."

"Perhaps," suggested Holsizer, "you haven't got the Q."—Chicago Tribune.

Unequalled Blood Purifier.

ASHTABULA, OHIO, Feb. 15, 1896.—We are pleased with the Rainy Day Puzzle, which was sent for three trade marks from Horst's Sarsaparilla and eight cents in stamps. We have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family and think it has no equal as a blood purifier." Mrs. W. S. Holcomb.

Hood's Pills cure biliousness, indigestion.

ERIE LINES

Chicago & Erie Railroad.

This card is in effect Feb. 1, 1896, FROM LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINING DEPART

No. 5 Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago, 11:15 a. m.

No. 2 Express, daily, for Chicago, 11:15 a. m.

No. 1 Express, daily, except Sunday, 11:15 a. m.

No. 3 Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

No. 2 Express, daily, except Sunday, 9:15 p. m.

No. 1 Express, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

No. 3 Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

No. 2 Express, daily, except Sunday, 9:15 p. m.

No. 1 Express, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

No. 3 Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

No. 2 Express, daily, except Sunday, 9:15 p. m.

No. 1 Express, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

No. 3 Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

No. 2 Express, daily, except Sunday, 9:15 p. m.

No. 1 Express, daily, for New York and Boston, 9:15 p. m.

NEWSPAPER

Right In It!

We are when it comes to hats. Ours are just the style, just the shape, just the material and quality to please the wearers. As to price.

OUR \$2.00 GOTHAM is a \$5.00 quality.
OUR \$2.00 DERBY is equal to any \$3 hat sold in town.
OUR \$1.50 SOFT OR SHIRT HAT is worth \$2.50 of any man's money.
OUR \$1.50 and 50c DRESS CAPS are dandies.

THE LIMA CLOTHING CO.,

NORTH MAIN STREET.

The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA.

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

The Lima Times-Democrat is published every evening (except Sundays) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening upon the following terms:

One copy one year, in advance..... \$5.00
Six months, in advance..... 2.50
By carrier, per week..... 10 cents

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

Subscription collections made weekly. Our collector will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly. All foreign subscription must be paid in advance.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. The Lima Times-Democrat is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the Times-Democrat COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the country. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.
Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of \$1.50 per year.
Address all communications to:
Times Democrat Pub. Co.
Lima, Ohio.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS.
We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN B. RIDENOUR as a candidate for nomination for Member of Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic county convention of Allen county, and the Democratic Congressional convention of the fourth Ohio district.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
We are authorized to announce the name of T. O. BURNS, of Spencer township, as a candidate for nomination for Commissioner of Allen county, subject to the Democratic county convention.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.
We are authorized to announce the name of CHRISTOPHER LOUGH, of Spencer township, as a candidate for nomination for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.
We are authorized to announce the name of C. C. LUDWIG, of Marion township, as a candidate for nomination for County Commissioner, subject to the Democratic county convention.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.
You are hereby authorized to announce the name of U. M. SHAPPELL as a candidate for nomination for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

PROBATE JUDGE.
You are authorized to announce the name of THOMAS D. ROBB as a candidate for nomination for Probate Judge—second term—subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.
You are hereby authorized to announce the name of J. O. RIDENOUR as a candidate for nomination for Prosecuting Attorney—second term—subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

FOR COUNTY RECORDER.
You are hereby authorized to announce the name of A. B. HARRIS as a candidate for nomination for Recorder—second term—subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

COUNTY AUDITOR.
You are hereby authorized to announce the name of PHILIP WALTER as a candidate for nomination for Auditor—second term—subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

FOR INTERIM DIRECTOR.
We are authorized to announce the name of J. M. McBRIDE as a candidate for Interim Director—second term—subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democracy of Allen county are requested to meet in a separate convention at the Assembly room of Court House on the day, April 14, 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following county offices, to be elected next November: Probate Judge, Clerk of the Court, Auditor, Recorder, County Commissioner, Inferior Director and Prosecuting Attorney.

The basis of representation in the County Convention will be one delegate for every twenty-five votes or fraction, over thirteen cast for James E. Campbell at the November election in 1895, and the apportionment will be as follows:

Amanda township.....	4
Angels township, east precinct.....	2
Angels township, west precinct.....	2
Bath township.....	2
German township.....	2
Jackson township.....	2
Marion township.....	10
Delphos, First ward.....	2
Delphos, Second ward.....	2
Monroe township.....	2
Lima, First ward, precinct A.....	8
Lima, First ward, precinct B.....	8
Lima, Second ward.....	8
Lima, Third ward, precinct A.....	2
Lima, Third ward, precinct B.....	2

Lima, Fourth ward, precinct A..... 3
Lima, Fourth ward, precinct B..... 3
Lima, Fourth ward, precinct C..... 4
Lima, Fifth ward..... 4
Lima, Sixth ward, precinct A..... 8
Lima, Sixth ward, precinct B..... 8
Lima, Seventh ward, precinct A..... 9
Lima, Seventh ward, precinct B..... 9
Ferry township..... 12
Richland township, Blanton precinct..... 12
Richland township, Beaver Dam precinct..... 12
Shawnee township..... 4
Spencer township..... 4
Sugar Creek township..... 1

The basis of representation in the Judicial and Congressional Conventions will be one delegate for each one hundred votes and fraction over fifty cast for James E. Campbell last November. Under this apportionment the representation of Allen county in these conventions will be as follows:

Amanda township.....	1
Angels township, east precinct.....	1
Angels township, west precinct.....	1
Bath township.....	1
German township.....	1
Jackson township.....	1
Marion township.....	1
Delphos, First ward.....	1
Delphos, Second ward.....	1
Monroe township.....	1
Lima, First ward, precinct A.....	1
Lima, First ward, precinct B.....	1
Lima, Second ward.....	1
Lima, Third ward, precinct A.....	1
Lima, Third ward, precinct B.....	1
Lima, Fourth ward, precinct A.....	1
Lima, Fourth ward, precinct B.....	1
Lima, Fifth ward.....	1
Lima, Sixth ward, precinct A.....	1
Lima, Sixth ward, precinct B.....	1
Lima, Seventh ward, precinct A.....	1
Lima, Seventh ward, precinct B.....	1
Ferry township.....	1
Richland township, Beaver Dam precinct.....	1
Richland township, Blanton precinct.....	1
Shawnee township.....	1
Spencer township.....	1
Sugar Creek township.....	1

The Democratic voters of Allen county are requested to select their delegates to this convention at the time of holding their primary caucuses for the nomination of township or ward officers.

By order of the Democratic Central Committee of Allen county, Ohio.

D. E. BAXTER, Chm.
W. J. O'CONNOR, Sec'y

It was not found necessary to enforce the Fiedick high hat bill, at the opera house Tuesday night. As an offset the seat holders in the front rows were furnished with skull caps.

Since our esteemed contemporary proposes to have the curfew bell ring out each evening, and also to keep tab for the next two years, the question is naturally being asked why it did not report from time to time the tab it has kept for the past two years.

It is suggested, and with some reason, that the attempt to abduct the Vanderbilt party, was only a scheme to hold Chauncey Depew, who recently has been guilty of some very indiscreet talk about the enormous wealth of acceptable Republican candidates for the presidential nomination.

The Populist Senator from North Carolina, the voluble and vociferous Butler, has introduced a proposition to change the Constitution of the United States so as to limit the veto power of the President. He would have a majority vote of both Houses override a veto. The Constitution requires a two-thirds vote for that purpose. The restraints of the Constitution bear hard upon the whole herd of cranks and creakers of which Mr. Butler is a specimen. But the people love the Constitution, and will stand by it.

AN OBJECT LESSON FOR THE NATION.

Despite all the discouragements and setbacks which our foreign trade has recently suffered from jingoism and tariff-blinking in Congress and from the disorders of our national currency, the returns of the Bureau of Statistics show that our exports of domestic manufactured products are now greater than in any period in American history.

This is an object-lesson for the whole nation, but especially for its millions of wage-earners. The returns for February last give as the value of our manufactured exports \$17,265,164, and for the first two months of this year a total of nearly \$36,000,000. If this rate is continued till next December the year 1896 will be memorable as by far

the most prosperous year on record for the sale of the products of American labor in foreign markets. These exports in the year under the McKinley tariff quite reached \$13,000,000. In the first year of the Wilson tariff's full operation they exceeded \$200,000,000. And now they promise in 1896 to go above \$215,000,000.

It cannot be said that this increased sale of American manufactured products to the outside world is spasmodic. The growth in this important branch of our export trade has been decided and steady ever since the Wilson tariff went fully into effect. The official figures show that while for the eight months ending with February, 1895, the percentage of exports of manufactured articles to the whole body of our exports was 21.26, for the eight months ending with February last it rose to the gratifying and unrivaled figures of 24.41. The increase now reported by the Government indicates a total export for the present year 20 per cent. larger than was ever attained under the McKinley law and reciprocity, and from 30 to 40 per cent. larger than under previous high Republican tariffs.

It is exceedingly important that extraordinary efforts should now be made to develop the export trade in our domestic factory products. Recent events have demonstrated that that in not a few classes of goods our manufacturers are able to compete with the foreigner in the neutral markets of the world. Whatever is done to extend this trade creates a new demand for American labor and directly enhances its value and its earnings. Nothing in the past has done more to deprive wage earners of remunerative and steady employment than the strangulation of our export trade by high tariff restrictions and prohibitory duties laid upon imports.—From the New York Herald, April 6.

Steamers to Race.
PADUCAH, Ky., April 9.—A marine race is on between the Dick Fowler, the fastest steam-wheel steamer on the Ohio, and the big Boston, of the Cincinnati and Memphis line. The start was made from Cairo and will end at Paducah. It promises to be the most exciting since the Lee and Natchez race.

Jackson's Assault to Be Punished.
CINCINNATI, April 9.—The officers of the court in Newport, Ky., have determined to bring before Judge Helm the woman who kicked Scott Jackson, to see if there is any way to punish her. The sheriff says it was a mere accident that her conduct did not produce serious disorder.

Explosion of a Locomotive.
LIMA, Peru, April 9.—News has been received here of the explosion of a locomotive at the station of Barranca, on the English railroad, by which two men were killed and several hurt. Two houses were also damaged by the explosion.

Will Make His Life Miserable.
CLEVELAND, April 9.—The Cuban-American league, from his headquarters in this city, has appealed to the leading Democrats of northern Ohio to urge President Cleveland to support the Cuban resolution adopted by Congress.

In Favor of Racing.
WASHINGTON, April 9.—The Bartlett racing bill to permit horse racing in the District of Columbia was favorably acted upon by the District of Columbia committee of the house.

Same as Last Year.
WASHINGTON, April 9.—The instructions to United States revenue vessels for the patrol of the seal waters during the approaching season have been completed by the treasury department and will shortly be issued to the captains of the vessels. They are substantially the same as those of last year.

Shipping Machinery Away.
CLEVELAND, April 9.—The manager of the Cleveland branch of the Consolidated Steel and Wire company said that half the nail and barbed wire machinery of the Cleveland plant had been shipped to other mills of the company because of the labor troubles at the mills here.

Looking After the Widows.
WASHINGTON, April 9.—Senator Allen introduced a bill providing for the restoration of the names of widows of soldiers to the pension rolls after the death of the second husband who, by reason of a second marriage, have been dropped from the pension roll.

Reorganization of Northern Pacific.
WASHINGTON, April 9.—Senator Mitchell of Oregon introduced a joint resolution for the reorganization of the Northern Pacific Railroad company in case of its sale under the foreclosure proceedings.

Kansas Bank Author Ltd.
WASHINGTON, April 9.—The comptroller of the currency has given authority for the organization of the National Bank of Helon, Kan., capital \$50,000.

New Play for March.
MONTREAL, April 9.—Louis Frochelle, the Canadian poet laureate, is writing a play for the Grand Theatre by special order from the artists.

With war on their hands in the Sudan, with the Matabeles massacring white men in South Africa, with France protesting against their course in Egypt and with the Venezuelan boundary line still unsettled, it looks as if the gentlemen who compose the British government are in no danger of running out of employment.

Except that of the United States, the flag of free Cuba is the proudest and most artistic one in existence. It consists of three blue stripes and two white ones, having at the right side next the flag-staff a red triangular field bearing in its center a white star. Viva Cuba libre!

Time to Stop.

It is not likely that civilization will all cease to go crazy or to commit suicide or become bankrupt. Certainly however, today they are taking exactly the path that leads to these mournful ends.

It is a principle as old as thought itself that man grows to be like what he most thinks about and is most interested in. Cases are not at all uncommon wherein a poet or novelist noted particularly for the portrayal of horrors and nightmare-fancies committed suicide. Some times he became a miserable physical wreck or imbecile, or a raving lunatic. It is not unknown that some of the greatest actors in tragedy gave evidence of being more or less unbalanced in mind before their death. The instance is sufficiently well known of the physician who had made a study of insanity and was a great specialist in this line. He read a learned paper on some department of insanity one evening at a medical society and then went home and murdered his wife and children and blew his brains out, himself a maniac.

The tragedies and horrors of nihilism in Russia are aggravated by the pessimism of the Russian novel, a pessimism which crosses the borderland of melancholia. This wretched, suicidal pessimism has infected the English, French and American novelists.

Newspapers in the largest cities today are steeped in horror, tragedy and crime. It seems as if reporters and editors alike gloat over occurrences that show the vilest, wickedest, most desperate side of human nature. Capitalism an inch long, whole pages, spread before us every detail of a murder, a fire in which lives were lost, or a burglary or suicide. The picture of the ghastly, headless body of a murdered woman was not long since a feature of great size in certain newspapers. A story of a suicide by gas suffocation was spread as a feast of horrors before the readers of a certain journal. An innocent child read the tale. A few days afterwards, for no assignable reason, she killed herself exactly as the woman of the newspaper story had done.

Reporters hunt up all that is ghastly, morbid and horrible, like spreading a net in a graveyard, waiting to catch how it feels to take an opium den or perhaps to be hanged or commit a burglary.

One inevitable result may be looked for. Coming years will see the writers who perpetually depict these horrors either committing suicide or confined in insane hospitals, or they will be physical and mental wrecks. Many of their readers will be the same.

It is time to stop this fostering of the filthy, the morbid, the dismal and the horrible. Many a person who would be shocked at the thought of committing a murder, stealing or wallowing in filth is doing something very like it every day. He is familiarizing himself with details of all melancholies and wickedness. Used music, crime, murder, vice and foulness exist in the mind and they manifest themselves outwardly. The person who reads these things, the person who writes them, fills his mind with them. Out of a good man, a noble and a strong man, he turns to crime and defile himself.

No! We must have a change. The good, the bright, the generous, the clean, the honest must have their day in our reading and in our minds. We must build our minds up with the thought that is good in less we wish to go to the bad. Nothing is so true as this. Our thought absolutely makes us what we are. We can control our thoughts and make them what we will. To this end we need reading that is cheerful, that deals with happiness and prosperity, with the good deeds of men. There are plenty of these good deeds, more of them than there are of bad ones. Let the newspapers give prominence awhile to the generous, cheerful and hopeful. Let reporters hunt events of this nature and make a "big story" out of them. The public will thank them. There never were so much suicide, crime, murder, insanity and dishonor as there are now. Part of it is directly traceable to the horrible prominence newspapers have given and are giving to these things. For reporters, for managing editors, for all mankind there is dire need to take deeply into their souls the command, "Whatever things are honest, whatever things are just, whatever things are lovely and of good report, think on these."

The Ohio idea has broken out in a new form. This time it has taken the direction of an anti-big game law. The Ohio legislators are probably the only ones in the country who have had the courage of their convictions, so far as to enact such a law in season of winter. One man seems to have been the chief mover in respect to objectionable head coverings, the women were being said to wear the largest hats in existence, a regular umbrella of hats. They were so small by the new law, however, that many of them now sit in the theater without any hats at all which is a very appropriate and becoming costume. Ohio theater managers are of course in a state of extreme delight. Now that Ohio has broken the ice, we may expect other legislatures to pick up courage and enact similar laws.

Another dollar is not a decoration at Blenheim castle greater than is usually accorded to royalty. Mightier than a crown is the dollar mark.

Changed Hands.

I. E. Avery having purchased of Geo. B. Webb his stock of Boots and Shoes desires to inform the public that he is prepared to please the most fastidious in the line of up-to-date goods in that line.

Puzzled

Were the people to know how we did such a tremendous business during Easter. It did seem a little strange to those who didn't know, so we will give an

Explanation.

We received a POINTER a short time ago informing us that the Smith, Stoughton Shoe Co., of Boston, had failed, and that

\$100,000

Worth of Men's high grade Shoes were to be rushed into Chicago to be closed out at a price regardless of the cost of manufacturing the same. A few days ago, a messenger boy rushed breathlessly into our store with a

Telegram.

"The Goods Are In."

Time was money; Mr. Webb took the first train for the Windy City, but don't think for a second that we bought the entire lot, for we didn't for several reasons, one of which was that we have a horror of purchasing anything our patrons don't want, so we went through the stock and selected the very

Cream

Of it, and hustled the goods toward Lima. To say we captured the trade for Easter is putting it very mild, indeed! The style of the goods, together with the prices that we could make on them simply pulls the people straight to our store. Don't forget to call at our store when in need of anything in our line; we would be glad to show you some of our bargains whether you wish to buy or not.

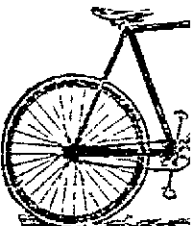
Yours Truly,

I. E. AVERY, GEO.

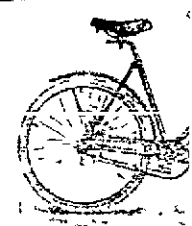
135 North Main Street.



We furnish Wholesaling P.



A guaranteed 19 the S.



Our \$50.00 La Bel



We sell all the



We sell all the

Spr Foc

Telegram.

Tan
Han
easy
the t
sent

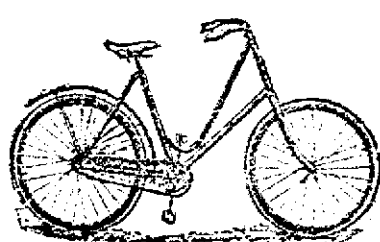
Gentle

Be s
in a
well

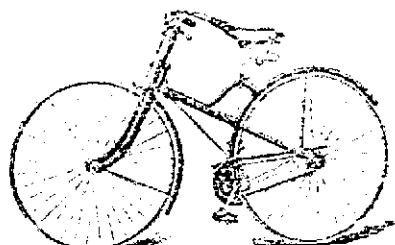
Ladie

Sho
tury
and
and

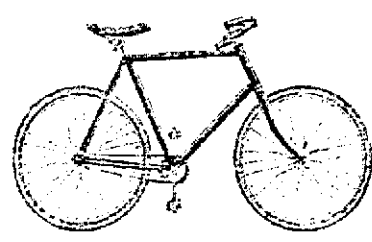
I. E. AVERY, GEO.



Crescent No. 2—\$75.00; 1 1/2 inch tubing.



This is not a 96 wheel; compare it with the two on either side.



Cleveland No. 24, \$100.00, 1 1/2 inch tubing.

We have been asked so often in the last few days: "Why are you not at the Cycle Show when you have the largest and finest line of Bicycles shown in Lima?"

Our Invariable Answer Has Been:

"THIS IS OUR BUSY SEASON!"

"We could not spare the necessary men to make the preparations for an exhibit, and so we're compelled to stay away."

We are making and laying on an average of from 15 to 20 Carpets and from 12 to 15 rooms of Matting every day, while 5 to 10 dozen Window Shades are our daily output. 10 baby Cabs, not to mention the amount of goods that daily go out of our other department's. Our 25 clerks are all on the jump at this season. For example: Yesterday a large load of Furniture, etc., was sent to Bluffton, another to Harrod, and still another to Waynesfield. Anyone who has been through a siege of house cleaning (which we have every day) can easily see our situation.

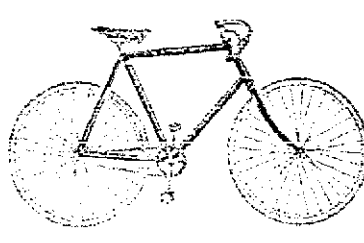
Our Line of Bicycles is so Complete

As to be a CYCLE SHOW in itself, and that the public so consider it is shown by the throng of people who crowd our store from morning till night.

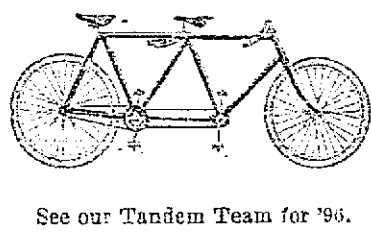
Our explanation is late, but we wished not to in any way endanger the success of the show even if we could not be there.

HOOVER BROS.

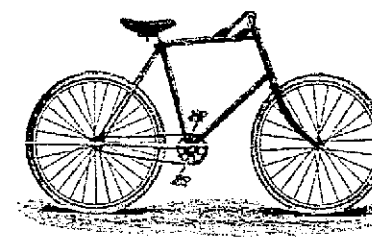
LIMA, OHIO.



Cleveland No. 22—\$100. The standard of the United States.



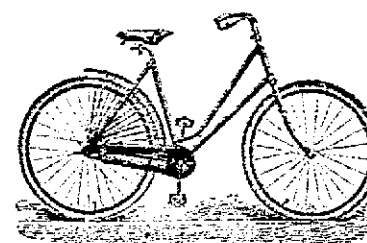
See our Tandem Team for '96. Weight of Tandem, 36 lbs., weight of riders 350, gear 100.



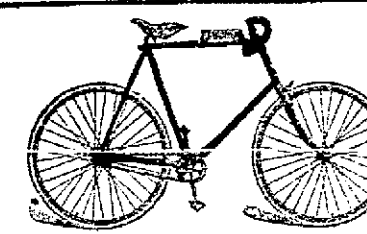
The Warwick and Eagle are leaders in their class.



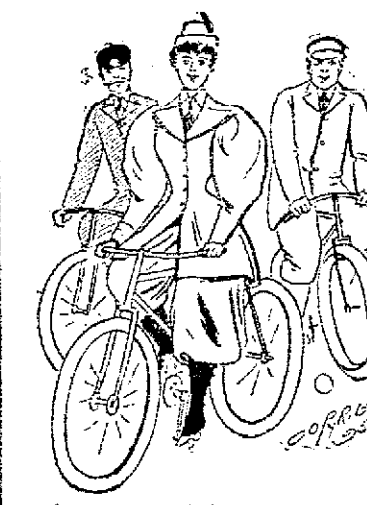
Racing men usually prefer to ride wheels made by a firm who cater to their class—Smalley and Stearns are such.



The Phoenix is the handsomest Ladies' wheel on the market.



The Sunol from 22 to 28 pounds.



A summer ride is a pleasant enjoyment if you have a good wheel—Ours are of that kind.

ing
otwear.

Shoes are the ideal summer Shoe
dsome in appearance and cool and
on the feet. We have the line of
own, in which everything is repre-
ed that's worth your buying.

emen,

ure that you see our line of Tans;
all the most desirable shades, hand
t, at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00.

ould not fail to see our new 20th cen-
y Tan Shoes at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50
\$4.00. All widths, all sizes.
Buy Shoes that fit well, look well
wear well at

ODING'S.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

THAT CLOVER LEAF STORY.

In a special from New York to a Cincinnati paper, President Woodford confirms the denial published in Times-Democrat of the Clover Leaf and C. H. & D. consolidation story. Despite this, a Toledo paper continues to harp on the theme. It says last night that Receiver and General Manager Pierce, of the Clover Leaf, will return from New York in a few days with a party of New York capitalists. Then it intimates the whole thing will be settled. The fact is, Mr. Pierce is in Toledo, and has been since Monday morning.

NOTES.

Engineer Ruby Peck, of the L. E. & W., is in Toledo on a visit.

C. R. Murray, of the Chicago and Alton railroad, is in the city.

C. H. & D. engine 301 will be sent out from the shops tomorrow.

Supt. F. A. Husted, of Cincinnati, was in the city on business last evening.

Superintendent H. F. Bickell, of the L. E. & W., has returned from Pittsburgh.

Engineer Stofer, of the L. E. & W., has resumed his run on the Munster branch.

H. D. Kilgour, of Cleveland, traveling passenger agent for the Pennsylvania, is in Lima.

Two Northern Ohio engines built by the Brooks people, have been received over the Lake Erie & Western.

The new Brooks moguls received here for the Northern Ohio are being connected up and tried at the L. E. & W. and will be delivered to the Northern Ohio at Bluffton in a few days.

Charles Miller, a pattern maker, who has been working in a machine shop at Lima for several months, today moved his family and household goods to that city. He has a permanent position at a good salary. The family lived on Charles street while in the city.—*Fl. Wayne Sentinel.*

Cures, absolute, permanent cures have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and the first place among medicines.

Plenty of Fine

Country butter, 16c per pound, and choice kettle rendered lard, 3 1/2 pounds for 25c, at the Enterprise Grocery, 115 east Market street.

15 cents—price persuading Dress Goods Sale. See what fifteen cents will buy at Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.

AT BLUFFTON

Walter Cross Has Supplied a Needed Enterprise.

Walter D. Cross, until recently a resident of west Wayne street and a machinist at the Ackerman & Castle tool works, has gone to Bluffton for the purpose of entering into business for himself.

Ever since the Bluffton oil field was first developed, drillers and producers have experienced a great disadvantage by reason of the absence of a tool works in that village, and work in the busy field has frequently been delayed because drills, jars and other oil well appendages in need of repair had to be sent either to this city or Findlay. Mr. Cross learned of the necessity of a general repair shop at Bluffton, and has arrangements almost completed for putting into operation in that enterprising town such a shop. He will have it in operation in a short time.

If asked the question "Have you got a stomach?" it would be safe on general principles to answer "Yes." But, if you are sure of it; that is, if you ever feel any distress after eating or any pains of whatever description in the region of the stomach, you have got something more than an ordinary stomach; in other words, you have got a diseased stomach. The stomach is a powerful muscle, and the proper remedy for a tired muscle is rest. Try the Shaker Digestive Cordial, for this product not only contains digested food, which will nourish the system without any work on the part of the diseased organs, but it aids the digestion of other foods as well. You can test its value in your case for the trifling sum of 10 cents. Sample bottles at this price are carried by all druggists.

LAXOL is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

Susquehanna Roe Shad and a choice supply of fresh caught Lake Fish at Kissel's.

Why Not Use Good

Sharp clean sand for cement and plaster work when you can get it at 7-12c G. M. McCullough's.

Rev. J. H. Miller, of Goshen, Ind., and of the German Baptist Brethren (Dunward) denomination, will commence a series of meetings in the assembly room at the court house, next Saturday evening at 7:30. Everybody is cordially invited to attend these meetings.

Susquehanna Roe Shad and a choice supply of fresh caught Lake Fish at Kissel's.

A MOLE RANCHER.

Californian Who Makes Money by His Studies as a Naturalist.

"No, boys, it ain't money that makes my pockets bulge out that way, but it is the equivalent," remarked a gray-haired, gray bearded rancher from Mendocino as he took in the slack of a hay rope that did service for a belt.

"To tell the truth, my breeches pockets and my coat pockets, too, are pretty well lined with moleskins. Within the last year I have developed into a mole hunter, and it pays. I have several acres in strawberries at Ukiah, and they need considerable water. I used to put in a lot of time digging little trenches and turning water this way and that, but it was disappointing to go out the next day and find that I had been irrigating a mole hole. I set a watch on the little pests, and I soon learned their habits. Since then it is no trouble at all to get them.

"In the first place, I found that a mole never comes straight up to the top of the ground, but always on a slant, and you will see the ground agitated for some time before he throws up his hill. If you step within 20 feet of him when he comes to the top, he will instantly stop work and run. It's no use to try to catch him then.

"But a mole is the victim of habit. If he is disturbed at his work at 2 o'clock today, he will not come back till exactly 2 o'clock tomorrow. You can set a watch by him and depend on its being right. Well, I watch around in my berry patch and take the time whenever I disturb Mr. Mole. The next day, when it is time for him to come back, I take my station near the hole. As soon as he throws up his little mound I place my foot behind him and close up the hole. Then all I have to do is to scoop him out of the dirt and drop him into my pocket, kicking and scratching like a good fellow. I kill him, stretch his skin on a shingle, and a man here in the city pays me \$1 apiece for them to make purses of."—*San Francisco Post.*

Kind to All Concerned.

To get rid of a bore try the method pursued by a certain friend of ours. When accosted by one, he shakes hands warmly with his persecutor, glances around anxiously, and, dropping his voice, confidentially remarks:

"I must be off. There's an awful bore here that I want to dodge—talk a fellow to death. You understand, old boy?"

The Bore (with a wink)—I understand, old fellow. (Departs without the least suspicion that he is the bore).—*Boston Gazette.*

She Has Use For Him.

A San Diego woman takes her husband everywhere in order to have some dispassionate person to tell her when her hat is on straight.—*Los Angeles Express.*

Probate Notice.

The following accounts of administrators, executors, guardians, assignees and trustees have been filed in this office for settlement and will be for hearing on Monday, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock A. M.

1. First account of Laura O'Neill, administratrix of Lawrence O'Neill deceased.
2. First and final account of William McComb, Jr., assignee of Ben B. Leach, insolvent.
3. Third and final account of F. M. Giam, guardian of C. C. Bailey, late a minor.
4. First and final account of J. O. Thompson, administrator of J. H. Hesse, deceased.
5. Second and final account of Andrew Shant, guardian of Henry Schmitz.
6. Second and final account of David G. Neiswander and Noah O. Basinger, executors of the estate of Michael Neiswander, deceased.
7. First and final account of Daniel E. Baxter, assignee of Henry Stauffer.

THOMAS D. BOWEN, Probate Judge.

LOVE CHALLENGED.

Look thou on me not lightly, Lovel!
Forworn but once, with herald eyes,
Then take all warnings of war—
Trick, stratagem, surprise!
For so do I confront and hate
The loveless rakes that I am in—
As he would I desert as light,
And tieer lose than win!

I court an ambush, crave a hurt
And beg no other, master, than
Than doming fetters, Love, of thine!
Quick, find me prison room!

—*Charles Newton-Robinson.*

Prized, but Not Speechless.

Mary Moody Emerson, the eccentric aunt of Ralph Waldo Emerson, did not hesitate to admonish others for the good of their souls. She would have scorned the recent dictate of fashion that pink ribbons are suitable for elderly ladies, and the charming latter day grandmamma who ventures to set off her fresh complexion and soft, white hair by touches of color would have aroused her ire. The story goes that Mrs. Thoreau called one day, wearing a bright flower on her bonnet, upon her eccentric neighbor. Miss Emerson closed her eyes, and after a short time remarked, "Mrs. Thoreau, have you observed that I have my eyes shut?"

"Yes, I have observed it," said the wondering Mrs. Thoreau.

"Perhaps you would like to know the reason?"

"Yes, I would," was the reply.

"Because I don't like to see people of our age guilty of such levity in dress."—*New York Journal.*

Ankle Bangles.

Among the many eccentricities of fashion which we have to repeat, both by way of warning as well as advice, may certainly be classed the novel introduction of ankle bangles. Now that bracelets are more or less banished from elegant attire, a sort of compensation has appeared in the shape of a chain, made either of gold or silver links, with a coin, amulet or heart pendant, worn as a bangle on the left ankle. Of course a low shoe is necessary for the due display of this extraordinary ornament, and we have been confidently assured that not colored, but only black silk stockings are to be worn with the same.—*Philadelphia Times.*

THE POSTOFFICE

Enjoy the biggest trade in town; but as we claim to have always been next to the postoffice, (next door) it was fitting that, the latter having vacated its old quarters, we should take possession. So that's what we did, and this

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Is printed so that everybody may know it. It is important that you should know where to find us, for it wouldn't do to have people dropping dead in the street, not knowing where to find us, when we have a whole store full of medicines, with which we gladly save all the lives we can. So, henceforth,

IF ANYTHING'S THE MATTER WITH YOU, GO TO THE POSTOFFICE.

The old postoffice, of course, not the new. There in the future, as in the past, you may feel sure your prescriptions will always be carefully compounded, and at reasonable prices.

See our splendid new line of Fine Perfumes.

WM. M. MELVILLE,

THE DRUGGIST.

OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

E. V. Wells has removed his residence to Baxter street, just north of High.

A marriage license has been issued to Arthur Vanhorn and Lizzie M. Reese.

John O'Connor, who was taken quite ill before last, is improving rapidly.

Mrs. W. W. Butler, of west Spring street, entertained the Sappho Club this afternoon.

The attendance at the cycle show last night was even larger than that of Tuesday night.

Lafayette Hicks has purchased John Lullie's barber shop under the First National Bank.

Jacob Roush, who was locked up at the police station yesterday, for drunkenness, was released this morning.

Harry Anders has returned from Ft. Wayne, and will resume his former position as day operator for the P., Ft. W. & C.

There was another reduction of 2 cents per barrel in the price of Eastern oil to-day, but no change in the price of Lima or Indiana oil.

Miss Etta Ackerman and Walter Craig were married Wednesday night, at the home of ex-county commissioner Ackerman, in Jackson township.

B. C. Faurot who has been seriously ill for the past two weeks, is convalescent and is able to be about, but has not yet felt well enough to visit his office.

The Van Wert county commissioners are in the city to-day holding a joint session with the Allen county commissioners. They are considering the Schwinners joint ditch.

The funeral of Mrs. Henry Kruse took place at Elida this morning at 9:30, Rev. Baum officiating. Her body was interred in Woodlawn cemetery this afternoon at 1 o'clock.

On Wednesday April fifteenth, the scholars will have an examination in authors. On the seventeenth an examination in Geography will be held in all departments where it is taught.

The Esquire rank was conferred upon Rev. R. J. Thomson and Bert Cleveland at the K. of P. hall, last evening. Next week they will receive the third degree, after which there will be a banquet.

Glen Storr, who was convicted on a charge of stealing sugar from a C. H. & D. car, was released last evening, after securing the amount of his fine and costs. He made a payment of \$30, and gave his note for the remaining \$37.20.

SAD NEWS.

Mrs. C. N. Lamison Summoned to Her Husband's Deathbed.

The many friends of Hon. C. N. Lamison will be grieved to learn that he is dangerously ill at Topeka, Kansas. Wednesday morning Mrs. Lamison received a telegram announcing her husband's illness, and left in the afternoon for Topeka. In the evening his son, Jason, received a telegram stating that if he wished to see his father alive he should come at once, and left for his father's bedside.

About a year ago Mr. Lamison was appointed a government land commissioner by President Cleveland, and located at Topeka.

50 CENTS for All Wool Serges and Cashmeres, 36 inches wide, at The Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co. 1-2t

See Hoover Bros. ad, page 5.

MILLERS MEET.

Meeting Held Here Yesterday afternoon and Last Night.

Organization Formed To Be Known as the Northwestern Ohio Millers' Association.

An important meeting of the millers operating in this portion of the state, was held in this city yesterday afternoon and last evening, for the purpose of forming a permanent organization to be known as the Northwestern Ohio Millers' Association.

Nearly forty proprietors and operators of flour and feed mills arrived in the city over the various railroads during the day, and their meetings were held in the Board of Examiners' room at the court house.

A preliminary meeting was held at Van Wert, March 15th, and a temporary organization then formed by the election of C. E. Donze, of this city, temporary chairman, and W. A. Clark, of Van Wert, temporary secretary. Mr. Donze called the meeting to order yesterday afternoon, and the first work accomplished was the perfecting of a permanent organization. Mr. Donze was chosen president, and J. W. Woods was elected secretary. The other business transacted at the meetings related to matters pertaining to the milling business, the chief objects being concerted action in grading wheat, the equalization of amounts of mill products to be exchanged for grain, a concerted system of business between millers and merchants, an equalization of freight rates and a uniform system of prices. Many matters of smaller detail, but interesting to the millers, were taken up and acted upon by resolutions, for the benefit of the members of the association.

The evening meeting was called to order at 7:30 o'clock and was adjourned at 7:40 o'clock, the next meeting to be held at Celina, subject to the call of the president. The millers in attendance represented the majority of the mills in eight counties in this section of the state. They were: Messrs. George Allinger, Quincy; W. J. Ochs, Kenton; E. F. Hall, Ada; C. E. Broske, Dunkirk; George F. Lang, Delphos; W. C. Martin, Venedocia; Julian Dorlat, Bluffton; W. T. Dalby, Delphos; J. E. Rodabaugh, Celina; J. C. Douglass, Forest; Chas. Fangler, Celina; William Roe-decker, Mendon; J. B. Boyne, St. Henry; C. W. Fisher, Wapakoneta; J. Jacobs, St. Paris; W. L. Wolf, Defrag; C. W. Brindle, Paulding; J. D. Reams, West Unity; Henry Gris-more, Pandora; W. H. Dye, Columbus Grove; H. C. Kuehls, New Bremen; J. W. Logan, Untopolis; H. M. Gleason, Van Wert; Robert Kotter, Spencerville; J. M. Dull, Rockford; J. W. Allenger, Bell Center; W. A. Clark, Van Wert, and C. E. Donze, J. H. Woods and Gilford Day, Lima.

GREAT BILLIARDS

At the Lima Club Rooms Last Evening by Lew Shaw.

The billiard rooms of the Lima Club were crowded last evening by members of the club and their friends to see Mr. Shaw, the world's champion in fancy billiard shots, play billiards with both cue and finger. Mr. Shaw first played a three-ball game of one hundred points or no count, with Jack Kirby, who is considered the best billiard player in the city. Jack seems to have not had much of a show. In the first inning Shaw made fifty-two, three in the second, and in the third inning succeeded in getting the balls in the corner and kept them there until he had counted a hundred points.

The run was the regular balk line run, with considerable nursing. After the game Mr. Shaw gave the grandest exhibition at cue and finger shots that has ever been seen in the city. Some of his tricks were wonderful. Shaw seemed a regular wizard with the ivory spheres and could do anything with the balls that he desired to do. He has played before almost all of the crowned heads of Europe. He left this morning for Mansfield, where he gives an exhibition before the Mohican club of that city.

Fresh Fish at Arndt's.

J. M. Arndt, at 518 north Main street, has fresh fish for sale and will now keep them regularly. 1-2t

50 cents for Black and Navy Blue 10 Blue Serges, 40 inches wide, at Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co., to-morrow. 1-2t

STREET TALK.

There are 2975 pupils enrolled in the Lima public schools, 150 of whom are classed in the High school.

Lima voted against issuing bonds to build a High school building, at the Monday election. —Delphos Herald. The Herald, like several Lima citizens who visited the polls Monday, has got the proposed school bond issue of several weeks ago, and the bond question that was defeated Monday, somewhat mixed.

The proposition to issue bonds for the purpose of the construction of a new school building, was made by the old School Board, and when that Board was decided an illegal body, and the names of 7 Democrats and 7 Republicans were put on the tickets for election as members of a new Board, the proposition and special election were withdrawn, and that

was the last of the school bond issue. The question that was voted upon last Monday was a proposed issuance of bonds for the purpose of building a market house, and had nothing whatever to do with school buildings. The market house bond proposition was submitted to the people by the action of the city council.

The oil well which Messrs. Shaw, Miner Harrod, Simons and Schall drilled in West Virginia as a tester, has proven an excellent one. They have several thousand acres of land leased in the vicinity of the new well. It is located in the mountains, ten miles from a telegraph station.

FELL DOWN STAIRS.

Mrs. C. W. Vogle Painfully Injured Yesterday.

Mrs. C. W. Vogle, of South Pierce street, was painfully injured about 10 o'clock yesterday morning by falling down a flight of stairs at her home, and although she sustained no fractures, the severe sprains and bruises she sustained may be considered serious, owing to her advanced age.

Mrs. Vogle was in the act of throwing some bed clothing down the stairway, and stepping too near the upper step, she became overbalanced and fell down the entire flight.

Dr. Kahle was summoned and found that the right arm and back were badly sprained and that bruises were numerous, but no bones were broken. Mrs. Vogle rested quietly last night and it is hoped that she will suffer no serious results from the fall.

DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE

Will Hold a Meeting in Sheriff Fisher's Office To-night.

The members of the Democratic City Committee are notified that there will be an important meeting of that committee at the sheriff's office, court house, this evening at 7:30 o'clock. All members are urgently requested to be present.

M. E. DeWesse, Chairman.

C. J. Brotherton, Secretary.

EIGHT BELLS.

Byrne Brothers, the Famous Acrobats, at Faurot's This Evening.

The novelty of a steamship turning completely over in mid-ocean and the passengers still remaining right-side up, is certainly a very laughable conceit.

The Byrne Brothers, who appear at the opera house this evening in "8 Bells," were doubtless aware of this feature as a fun-maker when they embodied it in their curious spectacular production of that name.

The Byrnes have also retained all the best features of the old skit, which was funny. These include the ship scene, the boarding school action, and the comical horse and the stage coach horse play.

As everybody knows, the brothers are great acrobats, and as supple as eels. There is a good variety of songs and dances in the new version, with pretty music and prettier girls. There is the ghost of a love story running through the maze of tumbling sequences, also, which is very laughable. John P. Byrne is a good crayon artist. Helene a bewitching dancer and singer, and the company generally agile and talented.

Before Paying More,

See the Dress Goods at Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co. for 15 cents. 1-2t

25 cents. Largest selection and best values in the city. Dress Goods. METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS CO.

Associated Charities.

The Board and Ward Committees meet Friday, April 10th, at 7:30, in the Assembly room of the court house. Merchants having orders in their possession will send them to the secretary.

H. S. Prophet, Pres.

Mr. E. F. Davis, Sec'y.

Save your money and see "Leotta." 1t

"X Rays Entertainment."

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Congregational Church will give a free scientific exhibition of the "X Rays" at the home of Rev. J. C. Thomas, Bellefontaine avenue, Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are invited.

See Hoover Bros. ad, page 5.

50 cents—a crisp, snappy bargain in 10 Dress Goods for wide awake buyers. METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS CO. 1-2t

See Hoover Bros. ad, page 5.

Call for Moerlein Book, on tap at all the principal places. Finer than silk. 38 1m T. SULLIVAN, Agt.

SHOEMAKER-ROSS.

Hotel Cambridge the Scene of a Pretty Wedding.

Mr. G. M. Shoemaker, of Muncie, and Miss Elizabeth Ross, of This City, the Happy Couple.

A quiet but pleasant wedding occurred last evening in the pretty parlors of the Cambridge House, on East Wayne street, at 8:30. The bride was Miss Elizabeth Ross, the charming daughter of A. S. Manshard, proprietor of the Hotel Cambridge. The groom was Mr. George M. Shoemaker, a well known and successful young business man of Muncie, Ind.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Carney, of Muncie. After those present had extended their congratulations and expressed their best wishes for a long, happy and successful life to the bride and groom, they all retired to the dining room and enjoyed an elaborate wedding supper.

The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents. But few witnessed the ceremony, as only the relatives and a few most intimate friends had been invited.

Those present from out of the city were: Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Sprague, Mrs. McLaughlin and Miss Blanche Ross, of Jamestown, and Mr. Clayborn Johnson, of Albina, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Shoemaker left this morning, over the P. Ft. W. & C. for Muncie, Ind., and will make that city their future home.

OVER TWENTY-TWO THOUSAND

Is Lima's Population, According to Last Monday's Vote.

Lima is growing, and the increase is a steady, reliable one. There is nothing spasmodic or ephemeral in her growth. For several years, while there has been no boom, there has been a constant influx of new people into Lima until her population has now reached beyond 22,000, as shown by last Monday's vote, which aggregated 4418, distributed through the various precincts as follows:

First Ward, Precinct A	838
Second " " B	377
Third " " A	404
Fourth " " B	351
Fifth " " A	354
Sixth " " B	403
Seventh " " A	403
Grand total	4418

AT MAYSVILLE.

Funeral Services of Mrs. White will be Held To-morrow.

The funeral of Mrs. Ara, wife of Frank White, who died Tuesday morning, will leave the residence, N. 308 east High street, at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning, and the remains will be taken to Maysville, O., where the funeral services will be held and interment will be made.

Draperies, Lace Curtains

And rugs cheap, at Newson, Deakin & Co.'s. 0-2t

See Hoover Bros. ad, page 5.

THE WAUGH SHOE STORE

LIBERAL in Prices; LIBERAL in Bargains; LIBERAL in Sociability.

READ

We have effected an arrangement with a large manufacturer and dealer in art goods by which we can place in every home in Allen county beautiful, hand made oil painting, 22x30, framed in 4 1/2 inch gilt moulding, absolutely

FREE!

Of cost to you. These handsome paintings would ornament the walls of any parlor, and we are anxious to

GIVE THEM AWAY.

We are the people that sell good goods cheap. Our customers tell us so and we believe it. We sell them on

NARROW MARGINS.

And you'll be convinced that these are cold, stubborn facts, when you, like they,

PRICE OUR GOODS.

This store will pursue the same business methods in the future as in the past; the same salesmen following the same old

AIR LINE

Indelibly stamped on the map of

SQUARE DEALING, GOOD GOODS, LOW PRICES, KIND TREATMENT.

Give us your patronage, and we'll prove it.

THE WAUGH SHOE STORE,

PHONE 35.

31 PUBLIC SQUARE LIMA

We have purchased the entire stock of lithographs and premium pictures of the premium department of the late Toledo Spice Co., which made an assignment some time ago, for 40 cents on the dollar. This stock consists of an elegant assortment of imported oil and water color panels.

Beginning Thursday, April 9, and continuing from day to day as long as they last, we will give free to each and every person making a purchase of 25 cents or upwards, one of these beautiful panels.

The retail price of these panels alone is 50 cents. We want you to come and see us at our new store, and make this inducement to bring you. We guarantee every article in our store to be the very best that can be bought. We wish to call special attention to our 30 cent blended coffee, which is our leader; we also have teas, spices, baking powder, rice, rolled oats, chocolate, cocoanut, laundry and toilet soap, beans, extracts and many other staple articles. Don't forget the number,

716 SOUTH MAIN STREET,

Opposite Crossley Bros.' Meat Market.

PEOPLE'S - TEA - STORE.